

# *Whisper Sensitivity Study of the NMIS ATR Fuel Storage Racks*

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## *Cadmium Plywood Shelves*

- Shelves are constructed of plywood with two sheets of 0.010" cadmium.
- Significant fire hazard.
- Cadmium is toxic. A fire with cadmium is the bounding accident in the SAR.
- The amount of Cd was underestimated resulting in a long standing PIZA of ~10 yrs.





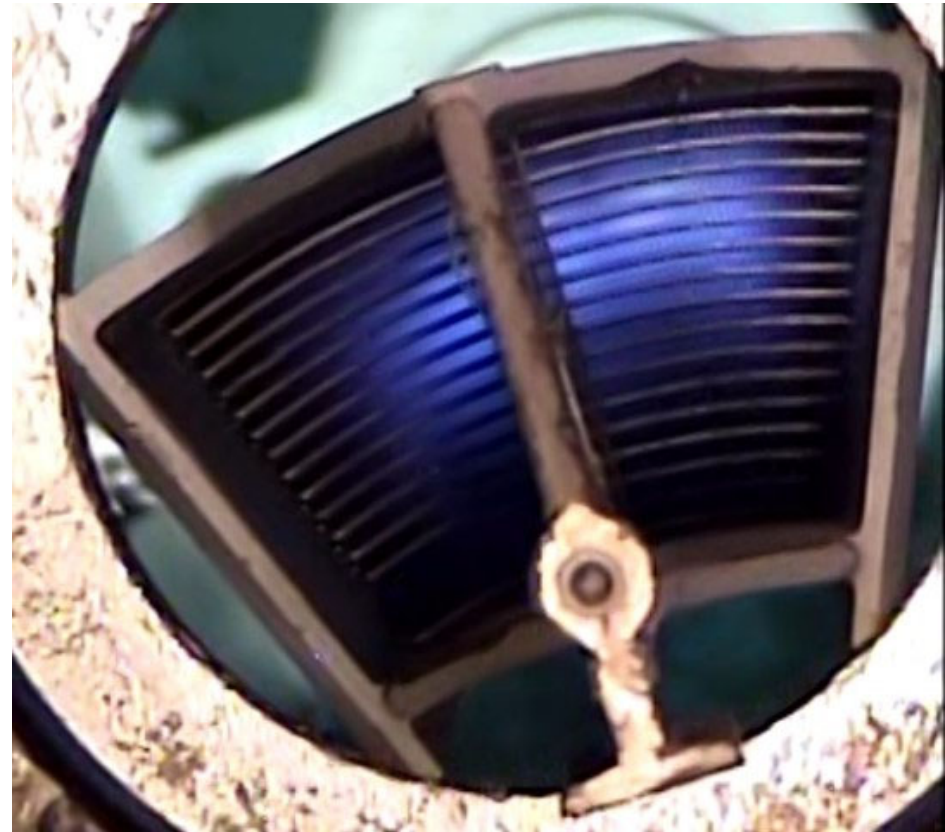
## AMMC Shelves

- Stainless steel corrugated sheet to make positions for ATR fuel elements.
- Aluminum-boron carbide metal matrix neutron absorber. 40 mg B<sup>10</sup>/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Aluminum structural cross bars.



## ***NMIS Racks Accident Scenario***

- Because of the fire loading and value of the ATR fuel in NMIS, there is a halon fire protection system, a wet pipe fire protection system, and no restriction on manual firefighting.
- The bounding accident scenario for criticality safety is water getting between the ATR fuel plates with no water or mist between elements.
- Because of the high surface area to volume of the ATR fuel elements they tend to hold water and would not drain immediately.



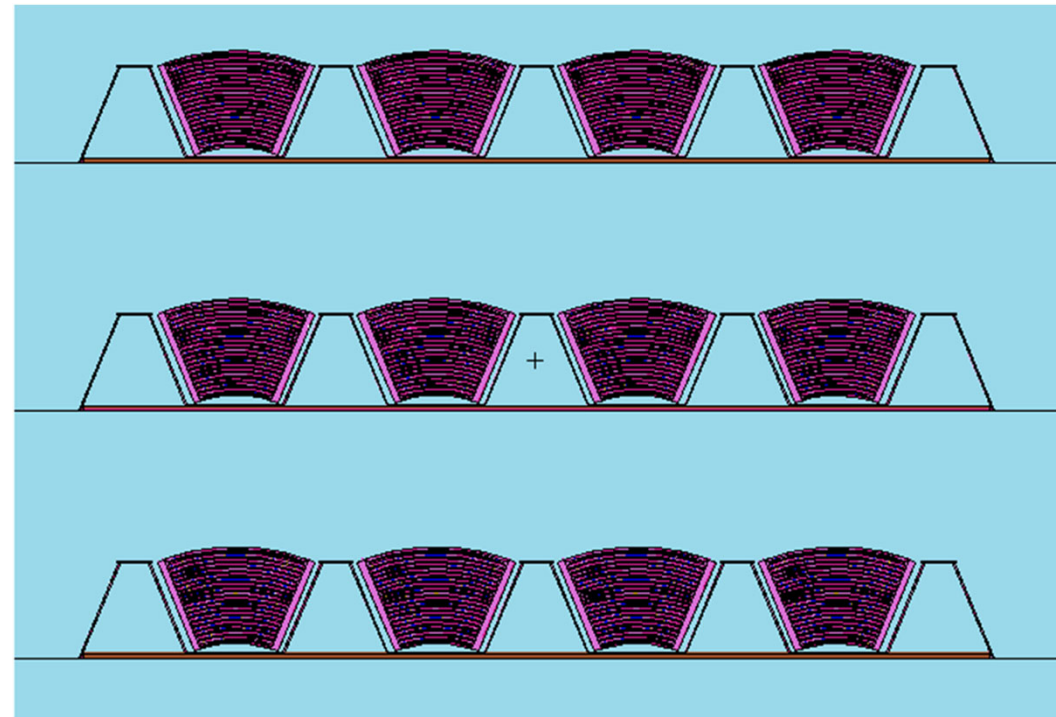
# Whisper

- `whisper_mcnpl` input

takes an MCNP input deck and adds KSEN card then runs MCNP to calculate sensitivities.

- `whisper_usl.pl`

runs Whisper to compare the sensitivity profile to the sensitivity profiles of over 1100 benchmarks and calculates a usl



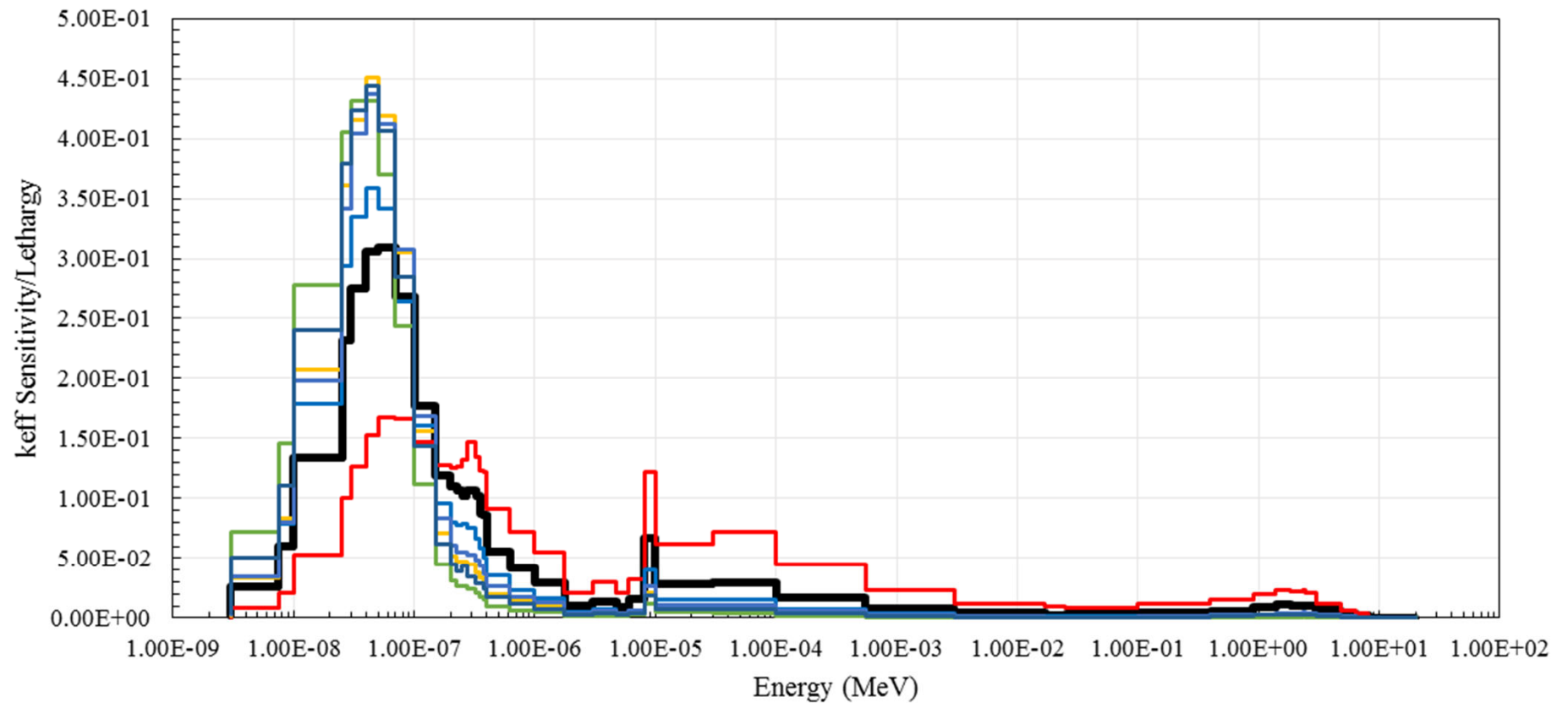


# Whisper Output

- USL of 0.97347
- 102 benchmarks
- Benchmarks that could be chosen from engineering judgement.
- The interesting part is the comparison of the sensitivity profiles

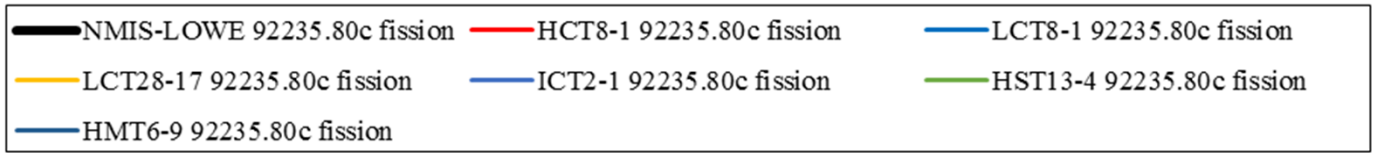
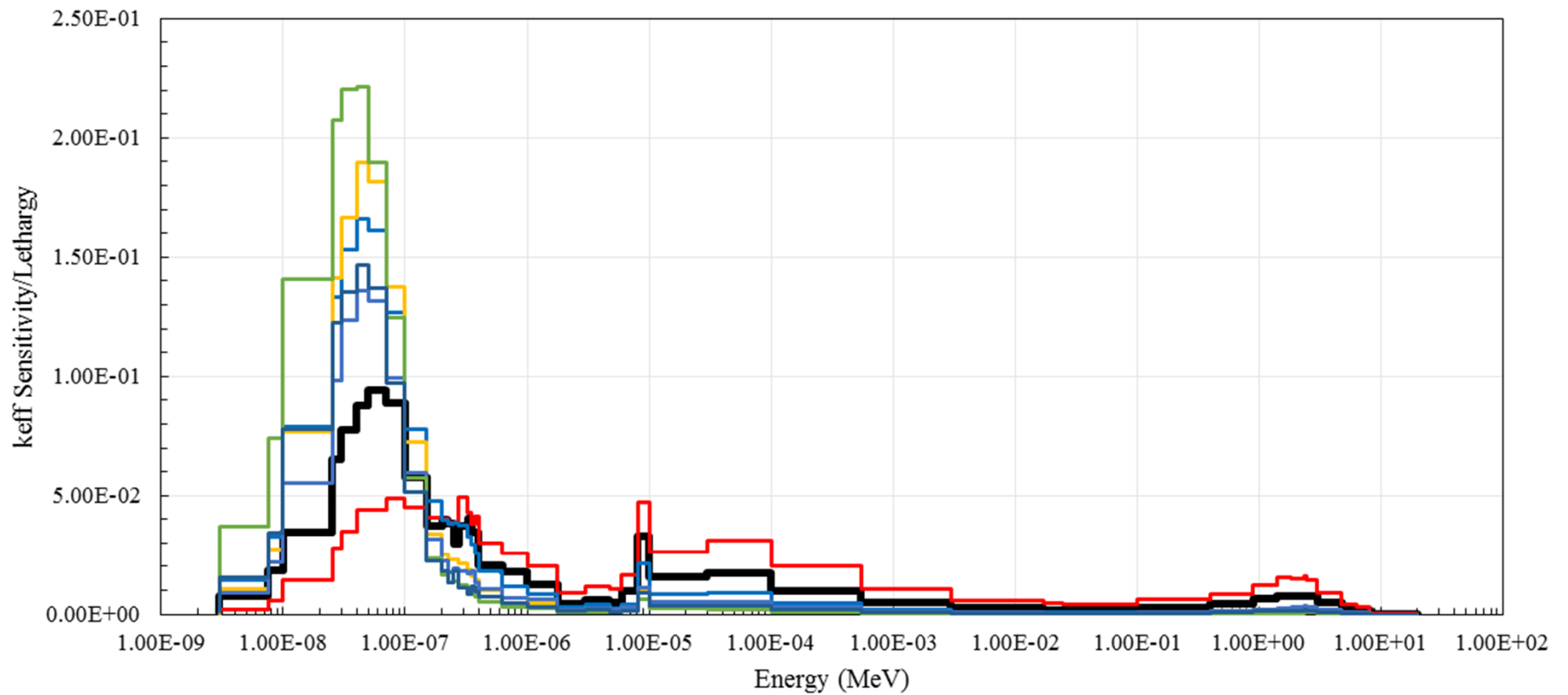
application	calc margin	data unc (1-sigma)	baseline USL	k(calc) > USL
ALEU-0.110inAlB4C_Sheet_30wt%-025wdens-S	0.01927	0.00087	0.97347	-0.23506
Benchmark population = 102				
Population weight = 37.02460				
Maximum similarity = 0.87976				
Bias = 0.01132				
Bias uncertainty = 0.00795				
Nuc Data uncert margin = 0.00087				
Software/method margin = 0.00500				
Non-coverage penalty = 0.00000				
benchmark	ck	weight		
leu-comp-therm-028-017.i	0.8798	1.0000		
leu-comp-therm-005-004.i	0.8789	0.9909		
leu-comp-therm-028-020.i	0.8705	0.8988		
leu-comp-therm-028-018.i	0.8704	0.8977		
leu-comp-therm-005-003.i	0.8698	0.8920		
leu-comp-therm-028-012.i	0.8600	0.7846		
leu-comp-therm-028-014.i	0.8588	0.7722		
leu-comp-therm-028-019.i	0.8573	0.7555		
leu-comp-therm-011-007.i	0.8558	0.7393		
leu-comp-therm-011-003.i	0.8553	0.7335		
leu-comp-therm-028-016.i	0.8539	0.7190		
ieu-comp-therm-002-003.i	0.8525	0.7037		
leu-comp-therm-011-009.i	0.8521	0.6994		
leu-comp-therm-017-010.i	0.8444	0.6155		
leu-comp-therm-011-002.i	0.8429	0.5989		
leu-sol-therm-020-004.i	0.8411	0.5801		
leu-comp-therm-010-009.i	0.8406	0.5746		
leu-comp-therm-010-005.i	0.8403	0.5706		
leu-comp-therm-011-015.i	0.8393	0.5605		
leu-sol-therm-002-001.i	0.8379	0.5452		
leu-comp-therm-028-015.i	0.8374	0.5394		
leu-comp-therm-017-011.i	0.8356	0.5203		
leu-comp-therm-010-006.i	0.8339	0.5011		
leu-comp-therm-008-008.i	0.8339	0.5008		
leu-sol-therm-020-003.i	0.8337	0.4989		
leu-sol-therm-021-004.i	0.8334	0.4957		
leu-comp-therm-017-012.i	0.8322	0.4831		
leu-comp-therm-010-010.i	0.8320	0.4805		
leu-comp-therm-022-007.i	0.8312	0.4718		
leu-comp-therm-010-011.i	0.8299	0.4578		
leu-comp-therm-007-004.i	0.8297	0.4556		
leu-comp-therm-028-013.i	0.8295	0.4530		
leu-comp-therm-028-011.i	0.8277	0.4344		
leu-comp-therm-017-013.i	0.8274	0.4305		
leu-comp-therm-017-004.i	0.8274	0.4303		
leu-comp-therm-028-009.i	0.8267	0.4230		
leu-comp-therm-017-008.i	0.8265	0.4208		
leu-comp-therm-022-006.i	0.8263	0.4188		
leu-comp-therm-028-004.i	0.8261	0.4160		
leu-sol-therm-021-003.i	0.8259	0.4146		
leu-comp-therm-017-006.i	0.8254	0.4085		
leu-comp-therm-017-007.i	0.8239	0.3928		
leu-comp-therm-017-014.i	0.8237	0.3901		
leu-comp-therm-017-005.i	0.8230	0.3823		

### U-235 $\nu$ Sensitivity



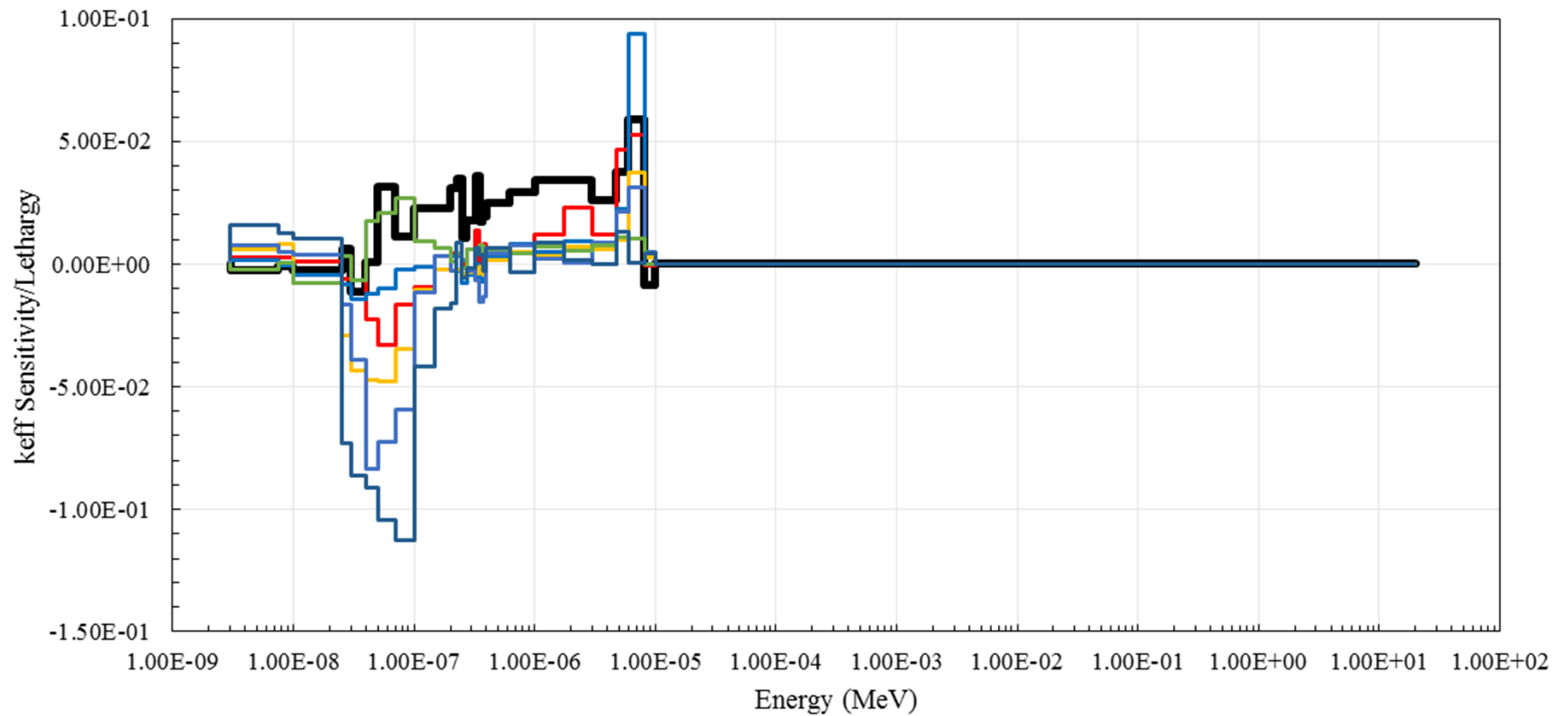
- - 
  -
- NMIS-LOWE 92235.80c total nu
HCT8-1 92235.80c total nu
LCT8-1 92235.80c total nu  
LCT28-17 92235.80c total nu
ICT2-1 92235.80c total nu
HST13-4 92235.80c total nu  
HMT6-9 92235.80c total nu

### U-235 Fission Cross Section Sensitivity



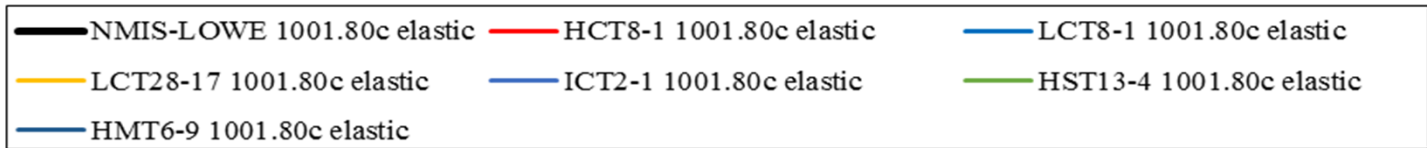
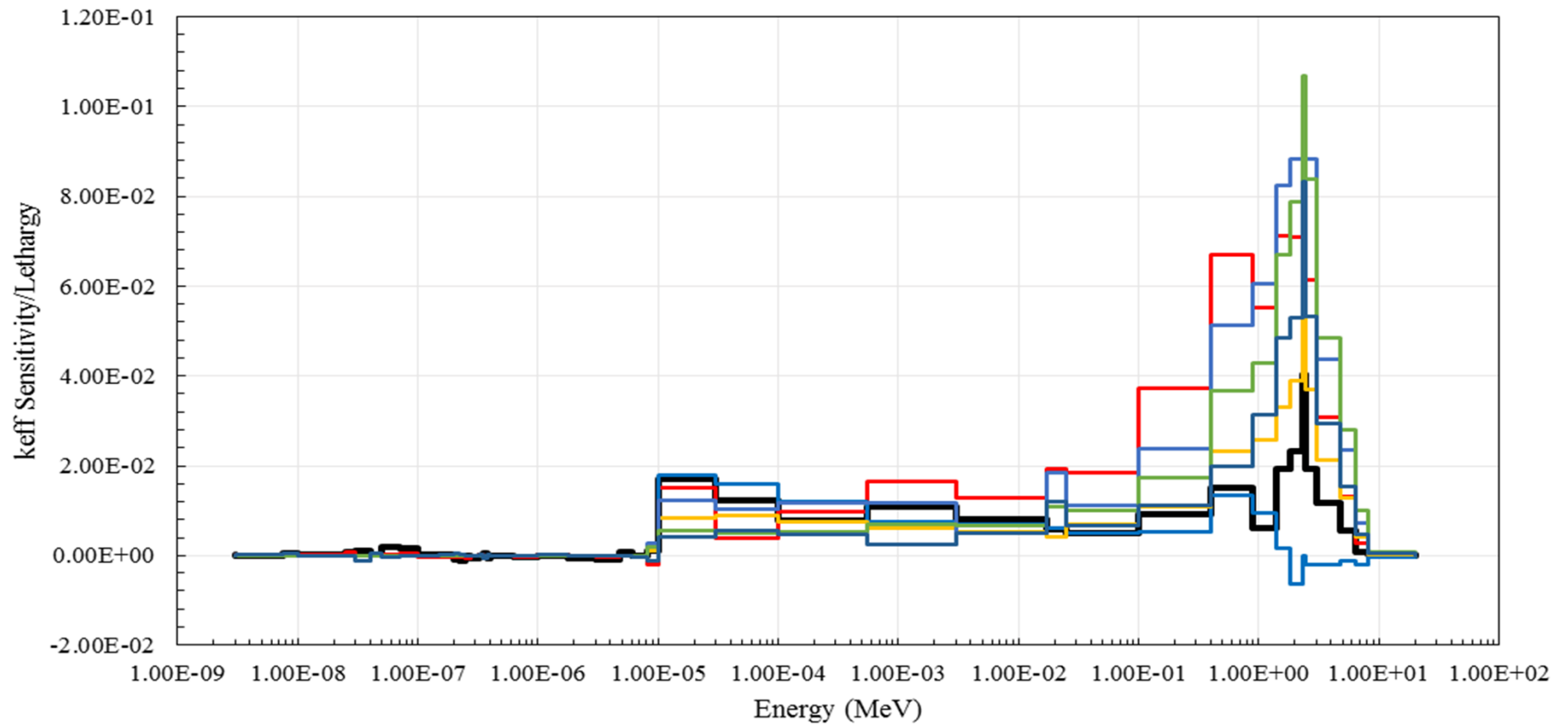


### Light Water S( $\alpha,\beta$ ) Sensitivity

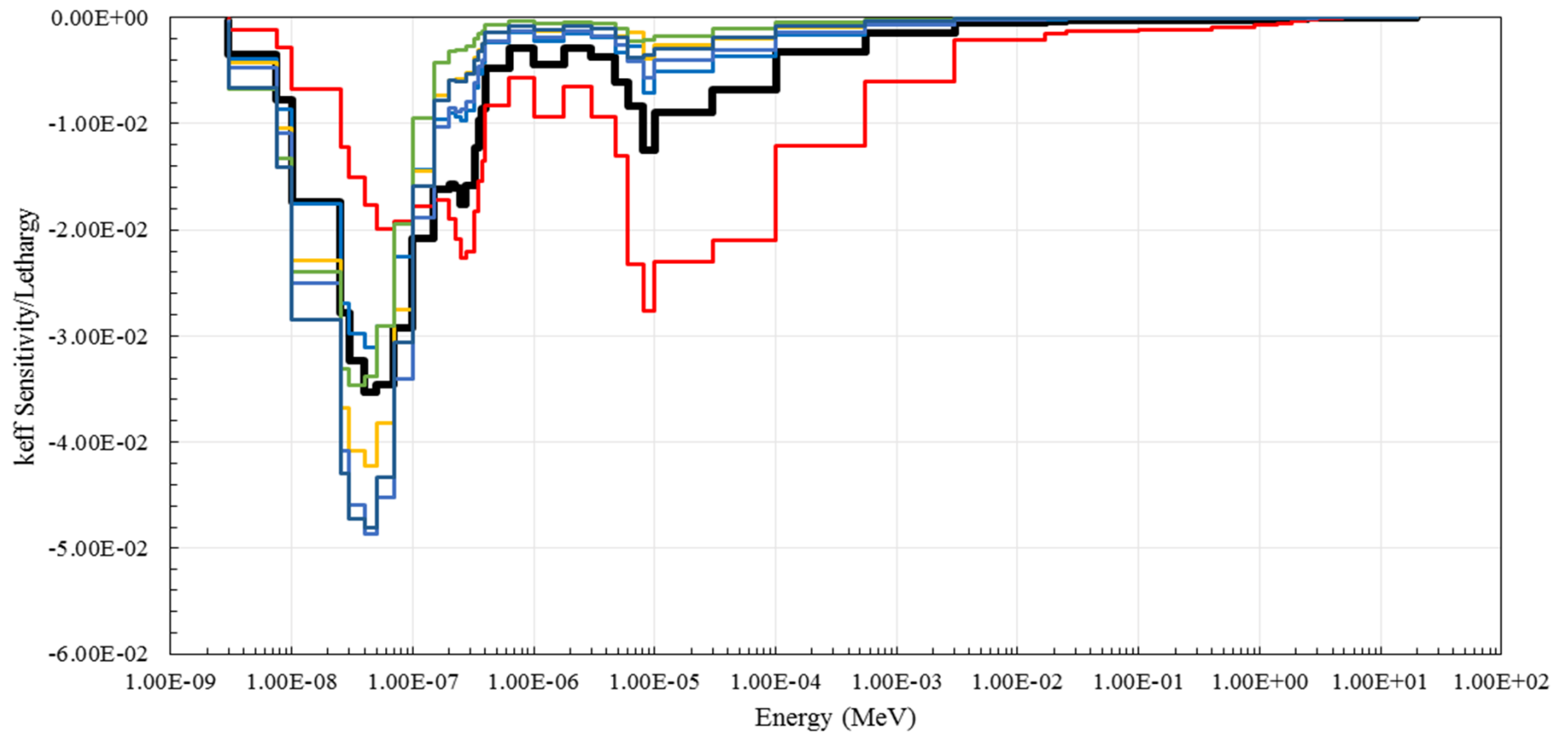


- |                                |                             |                              |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| — NMIS-LOWE lwtr.20t inelastic | — HCT8-1 lwtr.20t inelastic | — LCT8-1 lwtr.20t inelastic  |
| — LCT28-17 lwtr.20t inelastic  | — ICT2-1 lwtr.20t inelastic | — HST13-4 lwtr.20t inelastic |
| — HMT6-9 lwtr.20t inelastic    |                             |                              |

### H-1 Elastic Scattering Cross Section Sensitivity



### U-235 (n, $\gamma$ ) Cross Section Sensitivity



- |                               |                            |                             |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| — NMIS-LOWE 92235.80c n,gamma | — HCT8-1 92235.80c n,gamma | — LCT8-1 92235.80c n,gamma  |
| — LCT28-17 92235.80c n,gamma  | — ICT2-1 92235.80c n,gamma | — HST13-4 92235.80c n,gamma |
| — HMT6-9 92235.80c n,gamma    |                            |                             |



## *Whisper Summary*

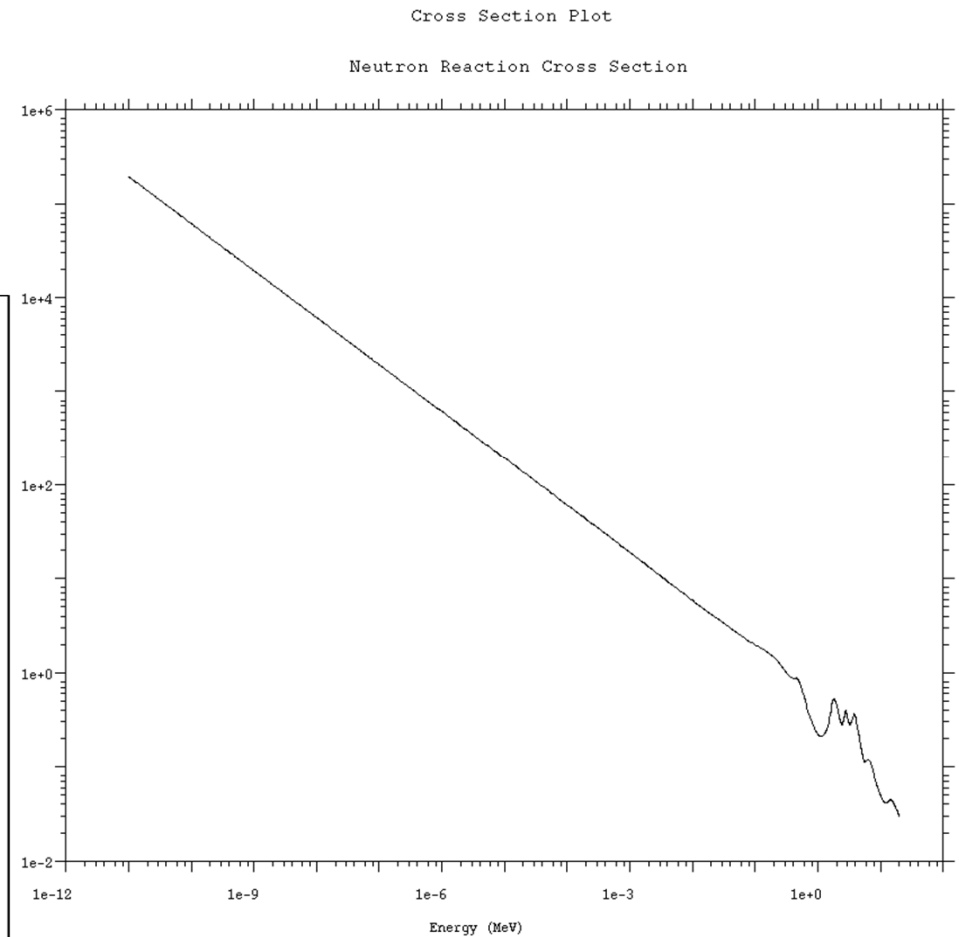
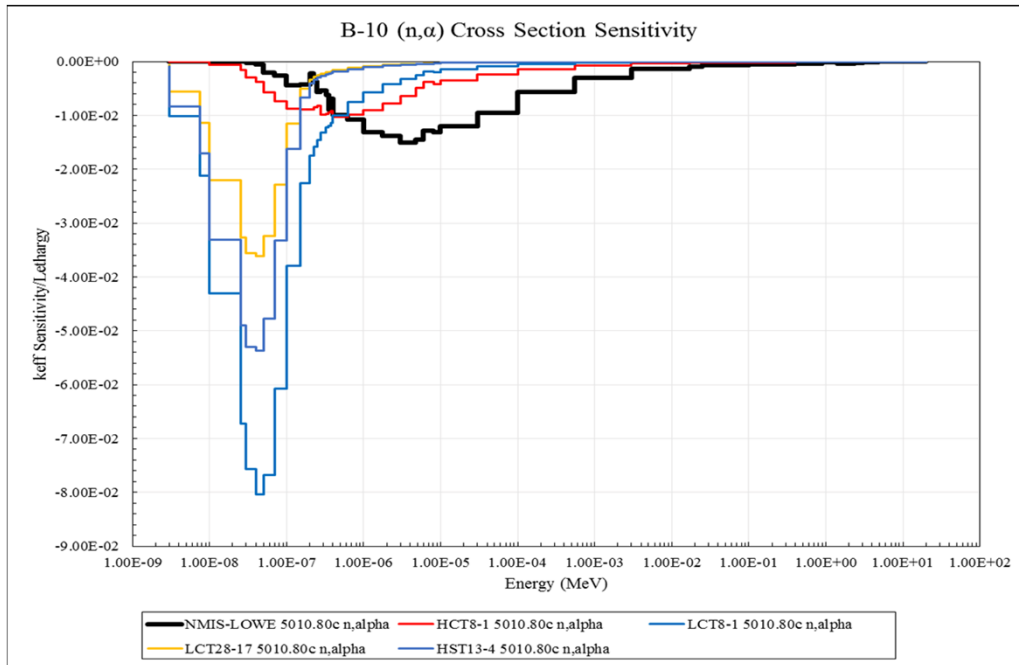
- Whisper suggested benchmarks which sensitivity profiles matched very well with the targeted application.
- These benchmarks also matched EALF and parameters that would be chosen by engineering judgement such as enrichment and moderator type.
- The application of Whisper gives greater confidence in the validation.

- What about boron?



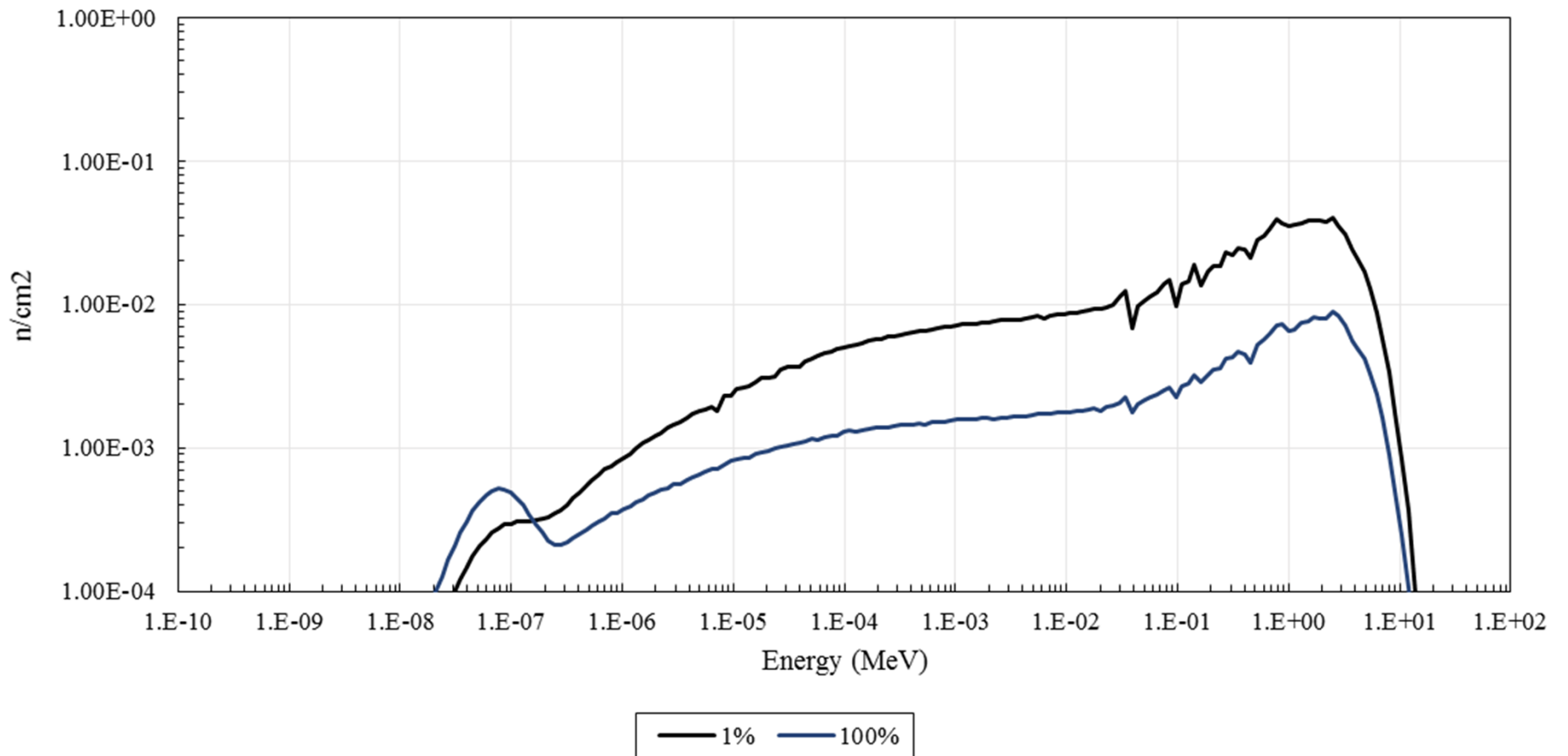
# B-10 Absorption

- Why is the B-10 absorption sensitive in the epithermal range and not thermal?
- Has B-10 absorption been validated?

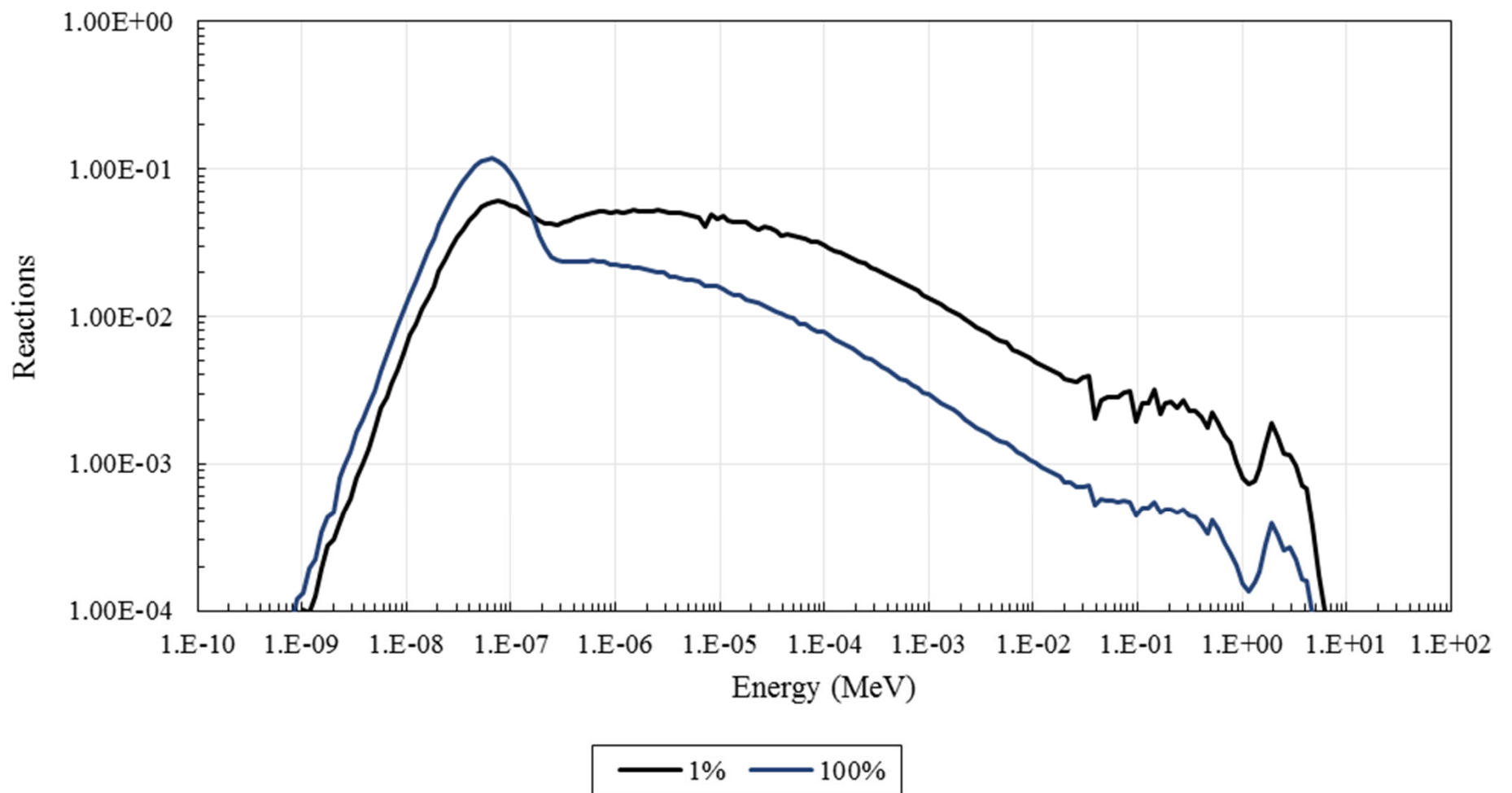




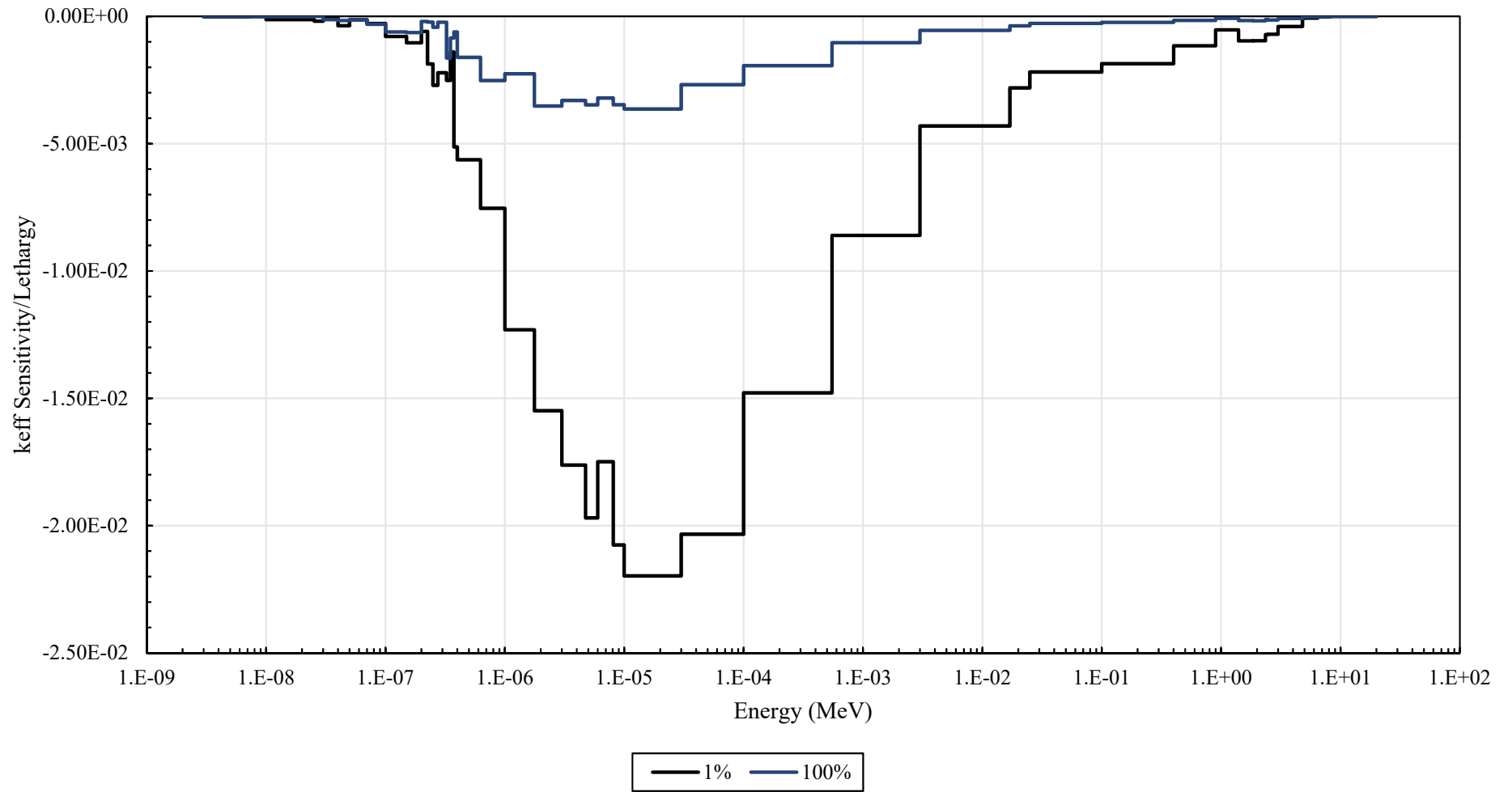
Spectrum in AMMC Sheet



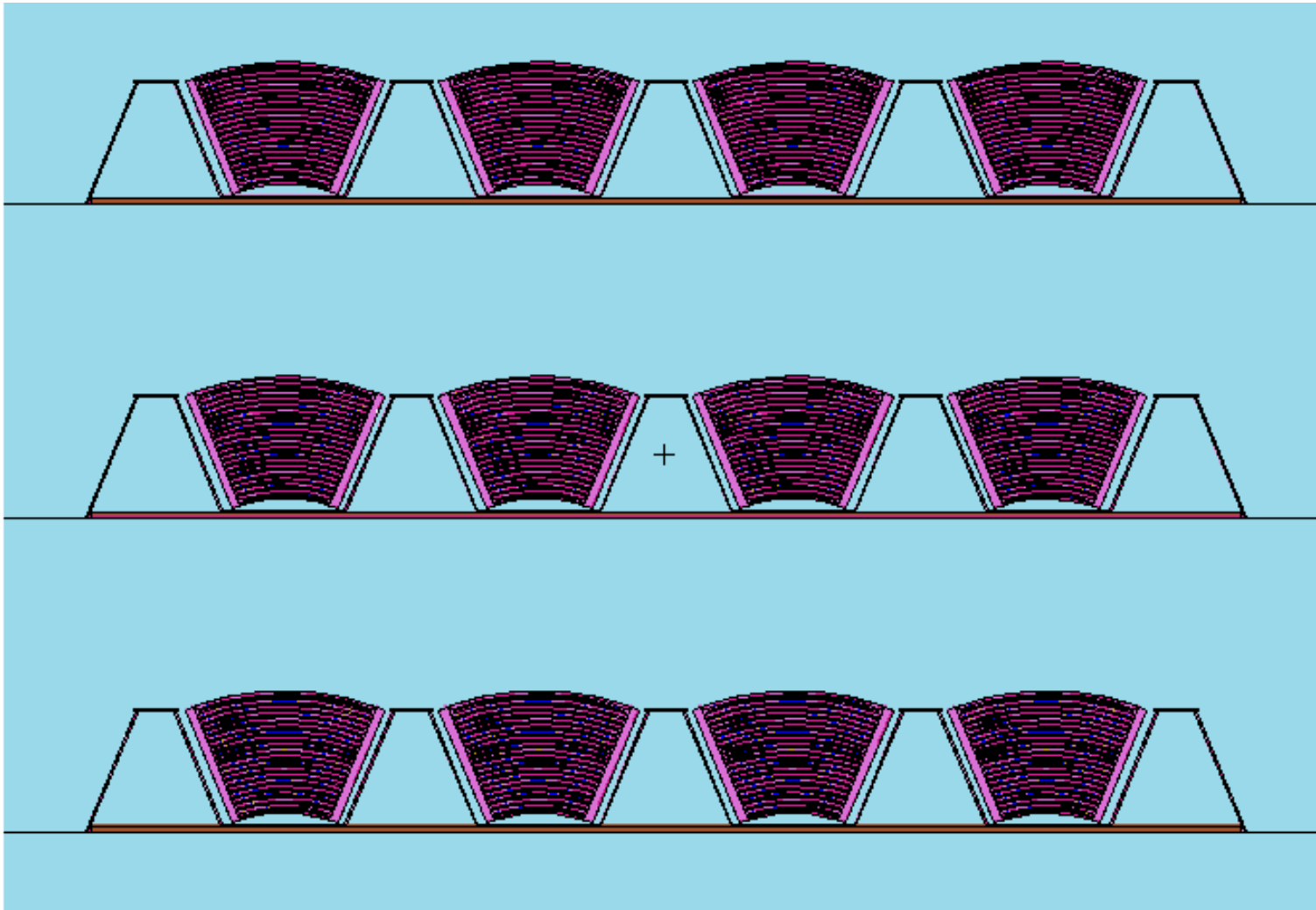
### B-10 (n, $\alpha$ ) Energy



### B-10 (n, $\alpha$ ) Sensitivity





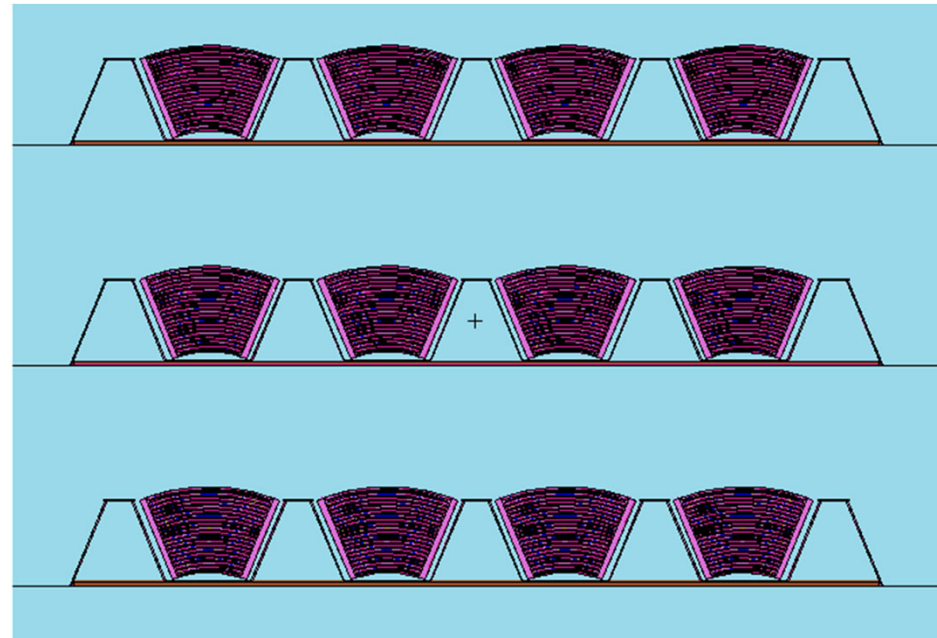


# Sensitivity

- The sensitivity coefficient is defined as the ratio of relative change in  $k_{\text{eff}}$  to relative change in a system parameter:

$$S_{k,x} = \frac{dk/k}{dx/x} = \frac{x}{k} \frac{dk}{dx}$$

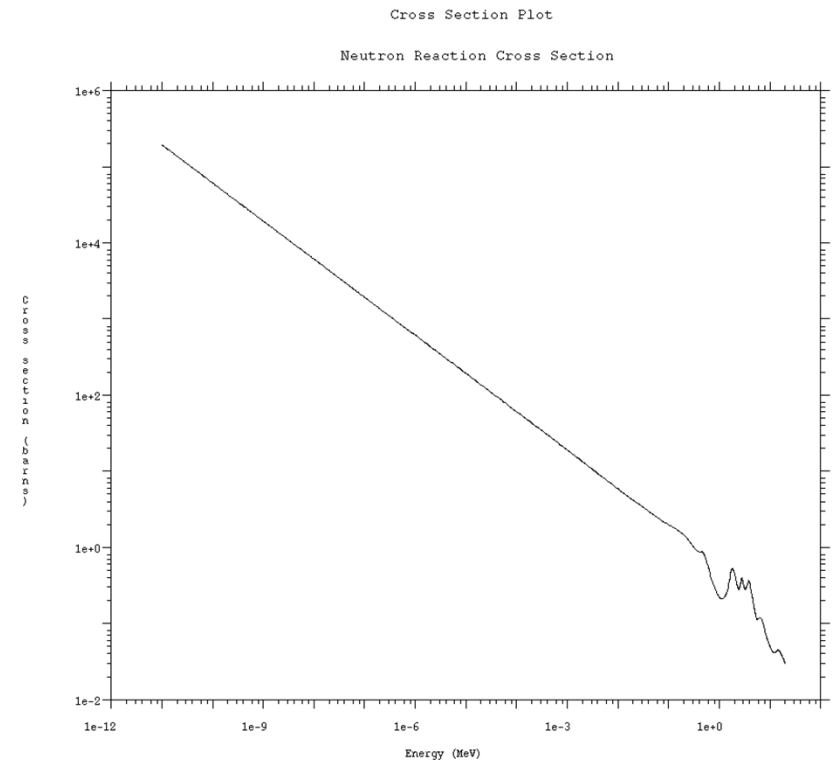
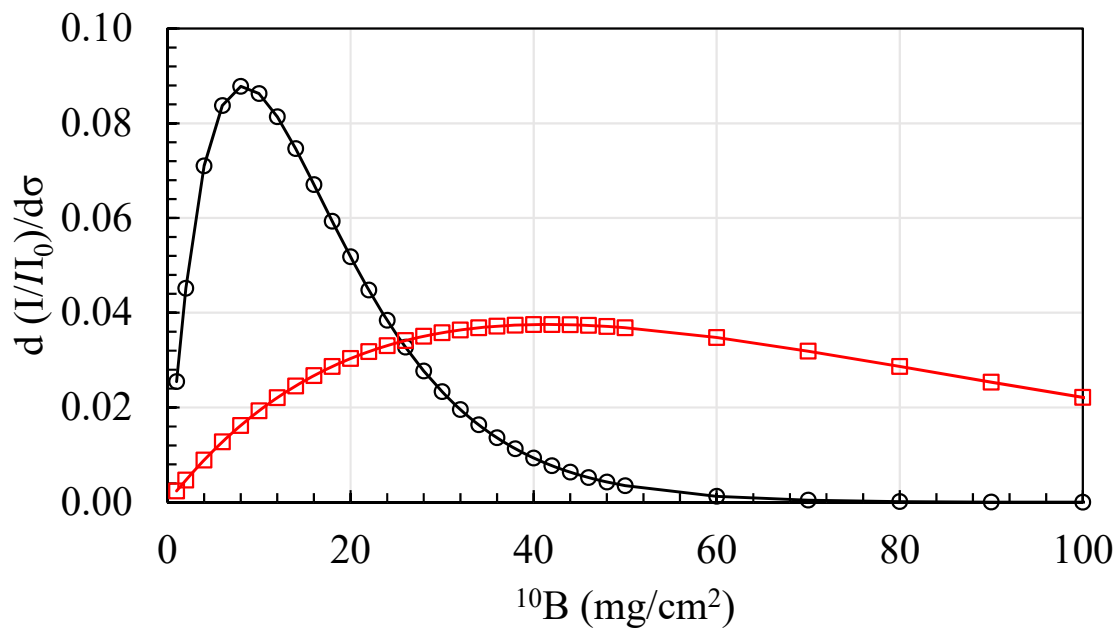
- The affect that boron has on  $k_{\text{eff}}$  is determined by the number of neutrons that pass through the AMMC sheet. More attenuation in the AMMC sheet results in a lower  $k_{\text{eff}}$ .
- FOR THIS PROBLEM, the  $k_{\text{eff}}$  sensitivity to B-10 is proportional to the attenuation in the AMMC sheet for a change in the B-10 cross section.



# Sensitivity

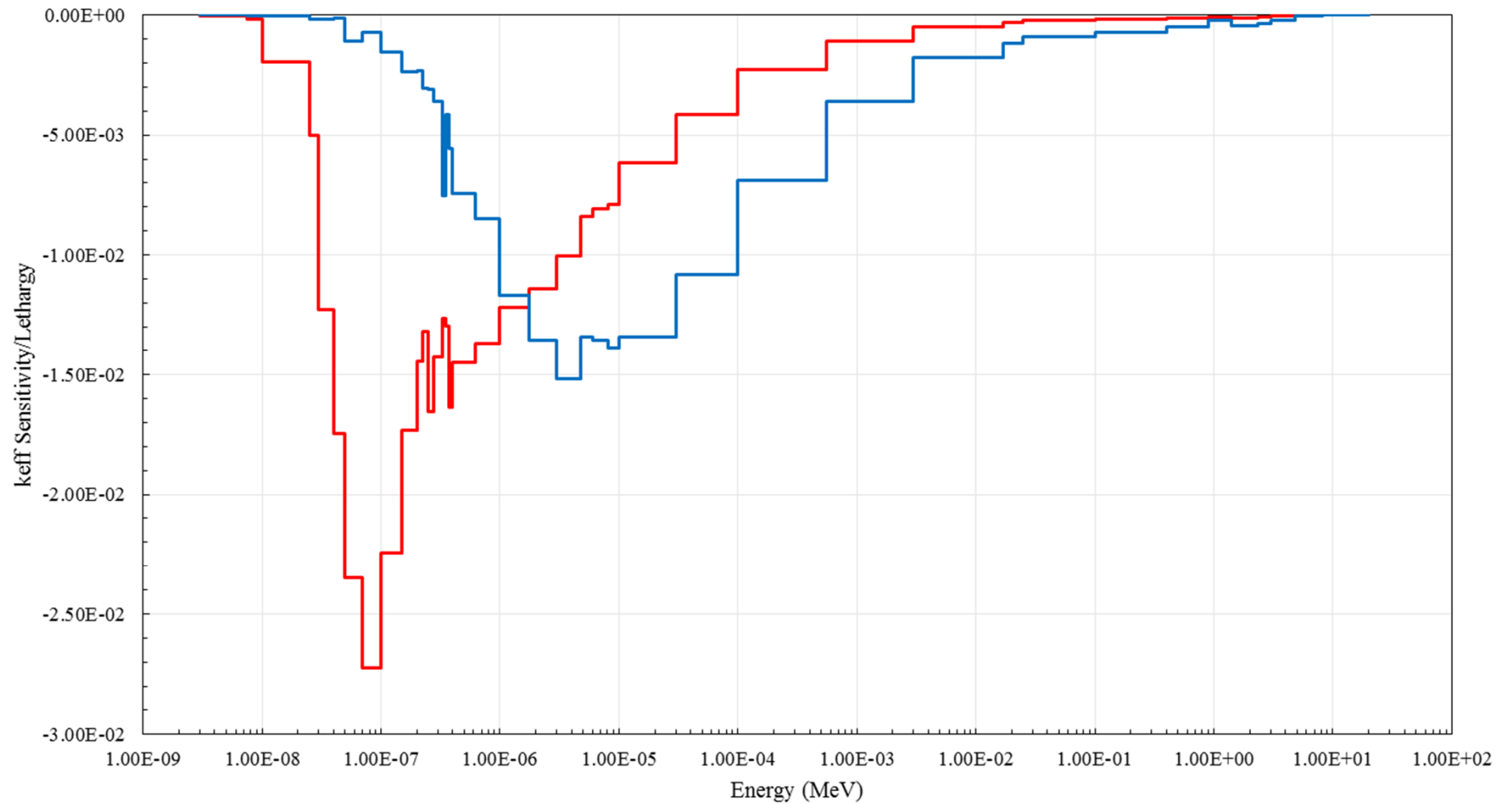
$$\frac{I}{I_0} = e^{-\Sigma t} = e^{-N_a \sigma \rho_A / M}$$

$$\frac{\Delta k_{eff}}{\Delta \sigma} \propto \frac{d I / I_0}{d \sigma} = \frac{-N_a \rho_A}{M} e^{-N_a \sigma \rho_A / M}$$



—○— thermal (2000barns)    —□— epithermal (400 barns)

Reduced B-10 Areal Density



— 10 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> 5010.80c n,alpha    — 40 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> 5010.80c n,alpha

## *How to Validate B-10*

- Is there a need to validate boron in the epithermal range?
- Whisper uses KSEN to get sensitivity coefficients for 12 reactions at 44 energies for every isotope in deck.
- What if Whisper only uses the B-10 sensitivities?
- *whisper\_mcnpl -iso 5010.80c nmis\_input*

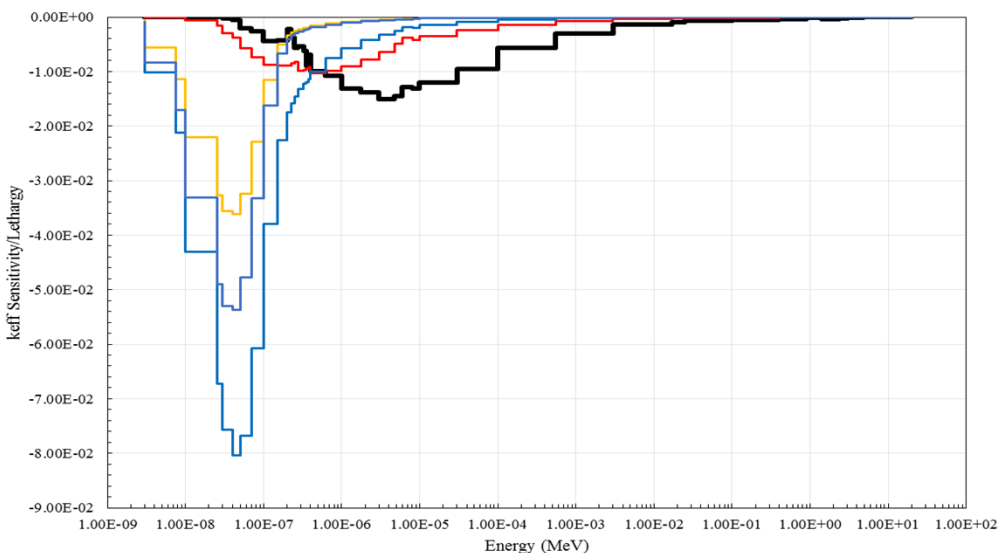


# Modified Whisper

- HECTOR (Hot Enriched Carbon-moderated Thermal Oscillator Reactor) at Winfrith, UK
- Plutonium, boron, graphite

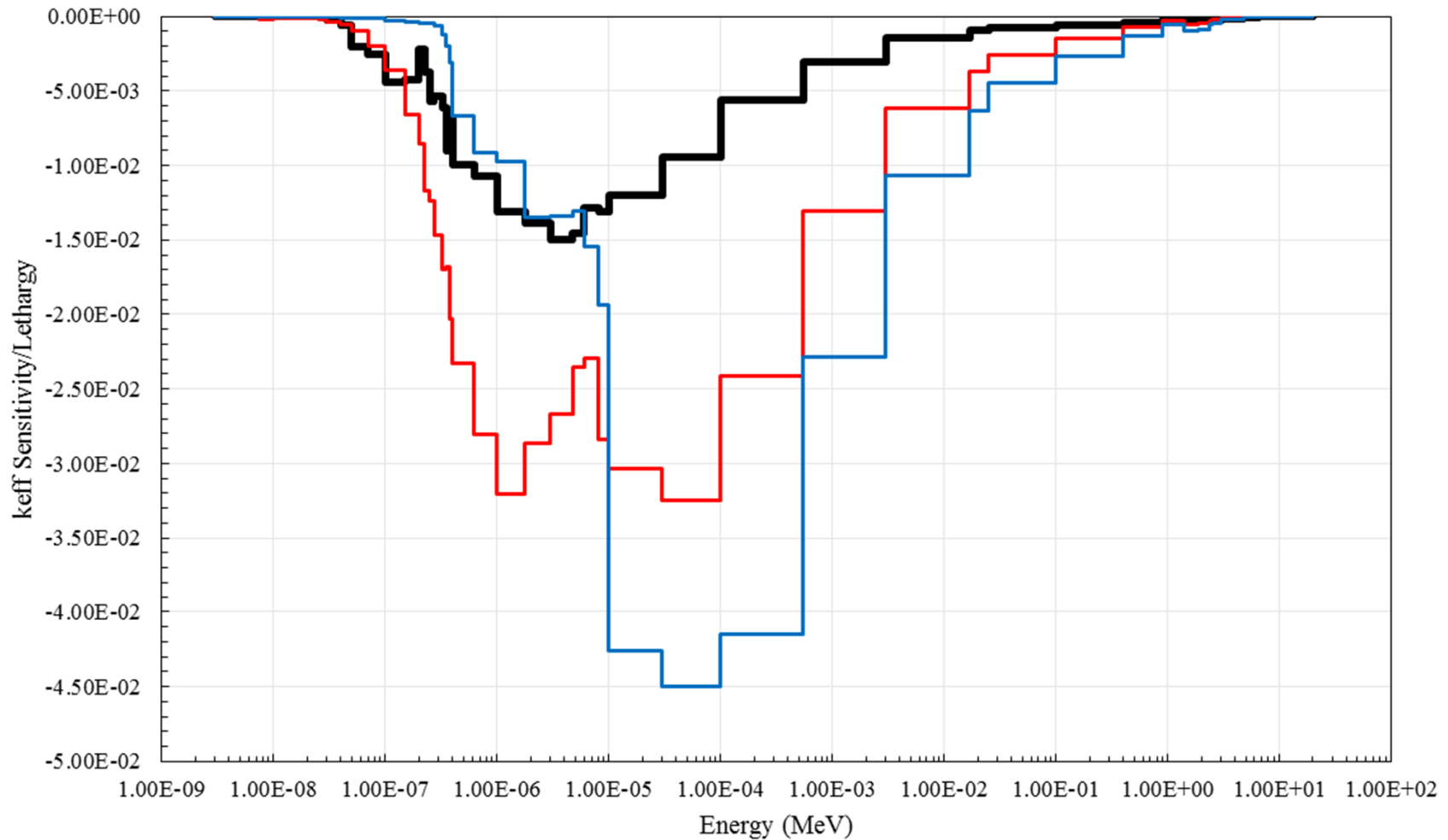
application	calc	data unc	baseline
LOWE-115mil_AlB4C_Plate-onlyATR-001wdens	margin	(1-sigma)	USL
	0.04563	0.00029	0.94862
Benchmark population = 111			
Population weight = 14.81842			
Maximum similarity = 0.09697			
Bias = 0.00821			
Bias uncertainty = 0.00782			
Nuc Data uncert margin = 0.00029			
Software/method margin = 0.00500			
Non-coverage penalty = 0.02960			
benchmark	ck	weight	
leu-comp-therm-008-001.i	0.0970	1.0000	
leu-comp-therm-008-002.i	0.0968	0.9984	
leu-comp-therm-008-011.i	0.0964	0.9944	
leu-comp-therm-008-005.i	0.0885	0.9127	
leu-comp-therm-008-007.i	0.0807	0.8321	
leu-comp-therm-011-002.i	0.0705	0.7270	
leu-comp-therm-011-003.i	0.0696	0.7181	
leu-comp-therm-011-007.i	0.0673	0.6937	
leu-comp-therm-008-008.i	0.0667	0.6883	
leu-comp-therm-011-009.i	0.0635	0.6551	
pu-comp-inter-001-001.i	0.0514	0.5304	
heu-sol-therm-013-004.i	0.0473	0.4874	
heu-sol-therm-013-003.i	0.0405	0.4176	
leu-comp-therm-028-012.i	0.0380	0.3921	
mix-comp-therm-002-004.i	0.0346	0.3570	
leu-comp-therm-028-017.i	0.0339	0.3499	
leu-comp-therm-028-004.i	0.0331	0.3412	
u233-sol-therm-001-005.i	0.0285	0.2935	
leu-comp-therm-028-003.i	0.0252	0.2600	
leu-comp-therm-028-018.i	0.0239	0.2469	
heu-sol-therm-013-002.i	0.0229	0.2363	
u233-sol-therm-001-004.i	0.0220	0.2274	
leu-comp-therm-028-011.i	0.0165	0.1696	

B-10 (n,α) Cross Section Sensitivity



— NMIS-LOWE 5010.80c n,alpha   
 — HCT8-1 5010.80c n,alpha   
 — LCT8-1 5010.80c n,alpha  
— LCT28-17 5010.80c n,alpha   
 — HST13-4 5010.80c n,alpha

B-10 (n, $\alpha$ ) Cross Section Sensitivity



NMIS-LOWE 5010.80c n, $\alpha$ 
 HCl4-1 5010.80c n, $\alpha$ 
 PC11-1 5010.80c n, $\alpha$

## Conclusion

- Whisper is a great tool and was valuable in finding applicable benchmarks.
- The sensitivity study helped me understand the problem much better.
- Whisper was used to find benchmarks to validate specific isotopes.
  
- Sensitivity and uncertainty analysis tools may be used to strengthen and improve a validation analysis by aiding in the selection of applicable critical experiments, to improve the understanding of fissionable systems, and to assist in assessing the adequacy of an existing validation. DOE-STD-3007-2017

