ANS-8 Standards Process, Current Revisions, and Connections to Wider Standards Organizations – Panel Discussion

Doug Bowen, Oak Ridge National Laboratory Larry Wetzel, BWX Technologies John Miller, Sandia National Laboratory Deb Hill, UK National Nuclear Lab

November 2, 2017 ANS Winter Meeting Washington, DC

Agenda

Topic of Discussion	Presenter
Introduction and high-level organizational overview	Doug Bowen
Nuclear Criticality Safety Consensus Committee (NCSCC) discussion and overview	Larry Wetzel
ANS-8 Subcommittee discussion and overview	Doug Bowen
NCSD and standards interactions/history	John Miller
Working group interactions	Deb Hill
Discussion about how ANS-8 standards are viewed compared to other standards	Larry Wetzel
How to get involved	ALL

Introduction and high-level organizational overview

Doug Bowen

Introduction

- For many years, the domestic and international consensus standards for nuclear criticality safety (NCS) have provided guidance for those who conduct hands-on operations with fissionable materials
- These consensus standards have been crucial to reducing the number of criticality accidents in process facilities
- The last known process criticality accident inside the United States was in 1978 at the Idaho Chemical Processing Plant, and outside the United States at Tokai-mura, Japan, in 1999

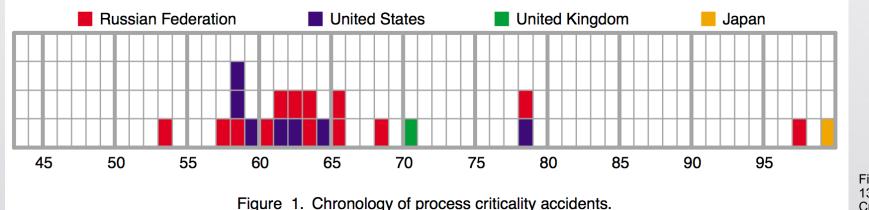


Figure from LA-13638 "A Review of Criticality Accidents'

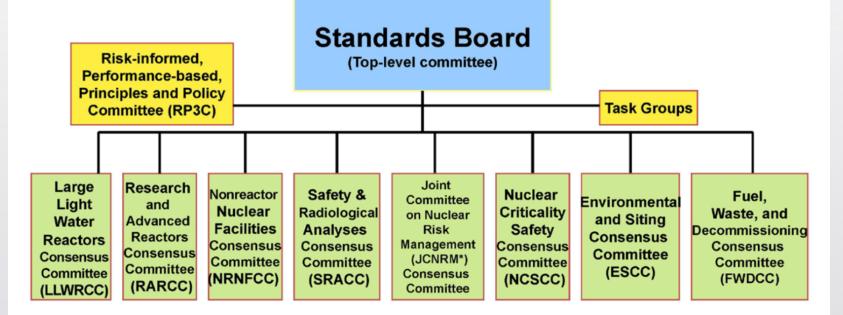
Domestic NCS consensus standards

- The domestic consensus standards for NCS include the American Nuclear Society (ANS) series-8 standards (ANS-8)
 - The first NCS standard was initiated around 1960 and published as the first approved standard in 1964
 - This standard, ASA N6.1-1964, "Safety Standard for Operations with Fissionable Materials Outside Reactors," was the precursor to today's American National Standards Institute/American Nuclear Society (ANSI/ANS)-8.1-2014 standard for operations with fissionable material outside reactors
- Based on the NCS community's needs, the number of domestic standards has grown significantly to a total of 18 active standards and 1 standard under development
- These standards fall loosely into three main categories:
 - "administrative" or "program" standards
 - "application" standards
- Over the years, based on need, existing standards have been augmented, new standards have been generated, or due to lack of use, some standards have been withdrawn

Organizational overview

🌒 American Nuclear Society

The ANS Standards Committee



Subcommittees

Working Groups

Organizational overview

- These organizations work in concert to develop and maintain the ANSI/ANS standards
- The rules and procedures for developing and maintaining the standards, including roles and responsibilities for working group members, working group chairs, subcommittee chairs, consensus committee chairs, and so forth, are continuously updated to improve the process
- The ANS standards website provides reference information about the ANS standards process and describes how volunteers can find participation opportunities

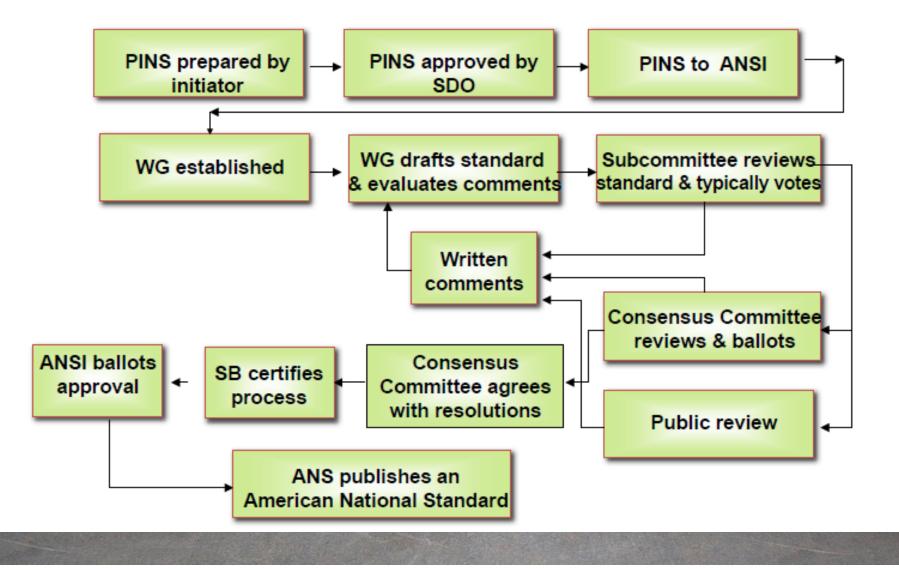
Nuclear Criticality Safety Consensus Committee (NCSCC) discussion and overview

Larry Wetzel

........................

Standards Development Process

9



Process at Consensus Committee and above

- CC ballot comments addressed by WG.
- Substantial agreement reached; consensus declared by CC Chair.
- ANS SB verifies that the rules and procedures (process) has been followed and certifies that a BOI has been satisfied before seeking ANSI approval.
- ANSI reviews SDO process and certifies as an American National Standard.
- Publication initiated by SDO once approved by ANSI.

Toolkit for ANS Standards Development and Maintenance

- <u>ANS Standards Committee</u>
 <u>Procedures Manual for Consensus</u>
 <u>Committees</u>
- Policy Manual for the ANS Standards
 <u>Committee</u>
- <u>Standards Committee Rules and</u>
 <u>Procedures</u>
- <u>Standards Development Checklist</u>
- <u>ANS Standards Development Process</u> <u>Overview</u>
- <u>Standards Development Flow Chart</u>

- <u>Review of Draft Approval Process for</u> <u>Working Group Chairs</u>
- Policy for Specifying Requirements, <u>Recommendations, and Permission in a</u> <u>Standard</u>
- ANS Glossary of Definitions
- Template for an ANS Standard
- <u>Recent Problem Areas Identified During</u> <u>Recent Ballots of New Standards</u>
- <u>Approaches to Staffing Working Groups</u>

http://www.ans.org/standards/resources/

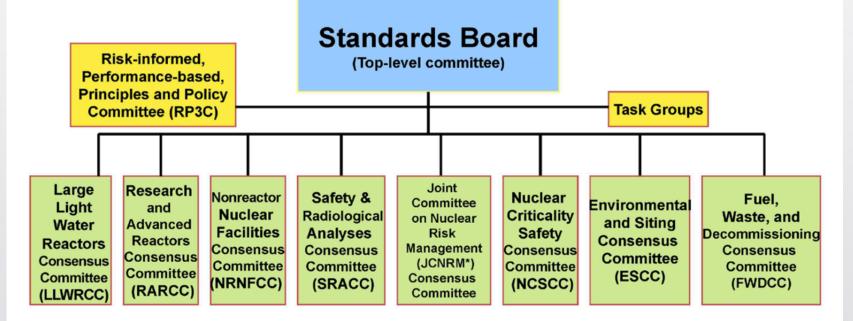
ANS-8 Subcommittee discussion and overview

Doug Bowen

Organizational overview

🌒 American Nuclear Society

The ANS Standards Committee

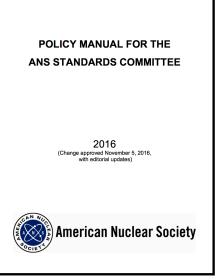


Subcommittees

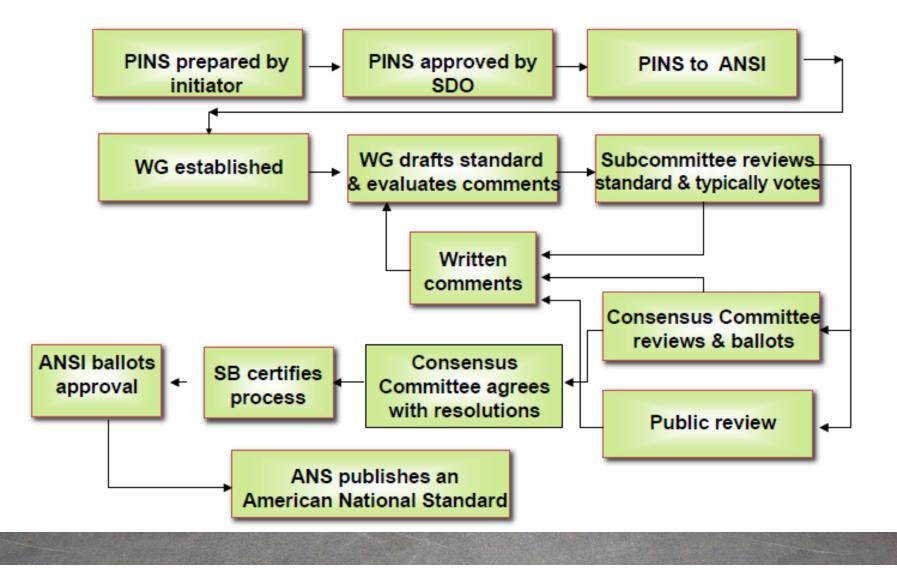
Working Groups

Process in the ANS-8 Subcommittee and Working Groups

- Members of working groups should be selected for their recognized expertise in the scope of the assigned standard
- Members of subcommittees are selected for their experience and competence in the scope of the committee and for their ability and willingness to participate in committee activities, and for their ability to provide credible technical comments on proposed standards.



Standards Development Process



ANS-8 Standards

ANS-8 Subcommittee

ANSI/ANS-8.1-2014 – NCS in Operations with Fissionable Materials Outside Reactors

ANSI/ANS-8.3-1997 (R2012) – Criticality Accident Alarm System

ANSI/ANS-8.5-1996 (R2012) – Use of Borosilicate-Glass Raschig Rings as a Neutron Absorber in Solutions of Fissile Material

ANSI/ANS-8.6-1983 (R2017) – Safety in Conducting Subcritical Neutron-Multiplication Measurements In Situ

ANSI/ANS-8.7-2012 – NCS in the Storage of Fissile Materials ANSI/ANS-8.10-2015 – Criteria for NCS Controls in Operations with Shielding and Confinement

ANSI/ANS-8.12-1997 (R2016) –Use of Soluable Neutron Absorbers in Nuclear Facilities Outside Reactors

ANSI/ANS-8.14-2004 (R2016) –Use of Soluable Neutron Absorbers in Nuclear Facilities Outside Reactors

ANSI/ANS-8.15-2014 – Nuclear Criticality Control of Special Actinide Elements

ANSI/ANS-8.17-2004 (R2014)

– NCS Criteria for the Handling, Storage, and Transportation of LWR Fuel Outside Reactors ANSI/ANS-8.19-2014 – Administrative Practices for NCS

ANSI/ANS-8.20-1991 (R2015) – NCS Training

ANSI/ANS-8.21-1995 (R2011)

Use of Fixed Neutron
 Absorbers in Nuclear
 Facilities Outside Reactors

ANSI/ANS-8.22-1997 (R2016) – NCS Based on Limiting and Controlling Moderators

ANSI/ANS-8.23-2007 (R2012) – Nuclear Criticality Accident Emergency Planning and Response ANSI/ANS-8.24-2007 (R2012) – Validation of Neutron Transport Methods for NCS Calculations

ANSI/ANS-8.26-2007 (R2016) – NCS Engineer Training and Qualification Program

ANSI/ANS-8.27-2015 – Burnup Credit for Light Water Reactor Fuel

"Administrative" or "Program" Standards

ANS-8 Subcommittee

ANSI/ANS-8.1-2014 – NCS in Operations with Fissionable Materials Outside Reactors

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"Application" Standards

ANS-8 Subcommittee

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Status Summary of ANS-8 Standards – Revisions In Progress

ANS-8 Subcommittee

ANSI/ANS-8.1-2014 – NCS in Operations with Fissionable Materials Outside Reactors

ANSI/ANS-8.3-1997 (R2012) – Criticality Accident Alarm System

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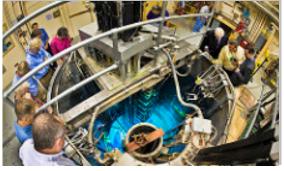
ANSI/ANS-8.27-2015 – Burnup Credit for Light Water Reactor Fuel

NCSD and standards interactions/history

John Miller



A Perspective on the Interaction between the **NCSD and ANSI/ANS-8 Standards**





Exceptional service in the national

interest

John Miller Dr. Bowen Dr. Busch Larry Wetzel, P.E.





NCSD Topical Meeting 2017

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Sandia National Laboratories

Outline

> Intent

- Historical BKG of ANSI/ANS-8 series
- Consensus Process Overview
- NCSD History and Involvement
- Current Interactions and Benefits





- Illuminate the reasons behind the culture of standards involvement by the NCSD community.
- Highlight activities that support/build this culture
- Request from ANS Prof. Div. Committee (PDC)
 - "increase support to Standards development"
 - NCSD's "Healthy level of involvement..."
 - NCSD requested to share best practices

ANSI/ANS-8 series BKG



- 60+ years of guides and standards
- 1955 recognized that guidance was necessary as the Nuc. industry was expanding/maturing.
- 1955- Committee selected to prepare a draft "guide"
 - 1956: Issued classified report
 - 1957: TID-7016 published unclassified version
 - 1961: TID-7016, Rev. 1
 - 1978: TID-7016, Rev. 2
 - 1996: LA-12808: "in spirit" Rev. 3 of TID-7016

ANSI/ANS-8 series BKG (1960-70)



- 1958-1962: Cluster criticality accidents
- 1st NCS Standard: N6.1-1964
 - Parent of ANSI/ANS-8.1
 - Prepared in 1958 adopted in 1964
- By 1972:
 - 4 NCS related standards
 - 6 more being explored.
 - 8.1, 8.3, 8.5, 8.6, 8.7, 8.10 and parts of 8.19, 8.23, and
 8.24 trace beginnings to the mid/late 1960s.
 - Some have been subsumed/withdrawn

Roy Reider [LA-4671 (1971)]



Any history of safety usually recognizes the enormous influence that accidents have on the safety standards and procedures employed thereafter... These incidents should be of only historic interest now because the techniques employed then would not even be considered today. However, there are **powerful lessons to be learned from the early history of criticality safety** as well as the early history of criticality accidents.

LA-13638 (2000)



In the U.S., technical guidance and administrative good practices were codified in a series of documents entitled Nuclear Safety Guide, beginning with the 1957 edition. Many of these same people then became involved in the development of American National Standards and then international standards. Similar actions developed in parallel in other countries, both those that had experienced criticality accidents and those that had managed to work with fissile materials without accidents. The marked decrease in the accident rate by the late 1960s was probably due to a combination of adherence to these newly codified regulations and guidance and upper management attention to this new hazard.

ANSI/ANS Consensus Process



- Intended to verify the principles of openness and due process have been followed
- that a consensus of all interested stakeholder groups has been reached.
- USA --- ANSI is the only accreditor of NCS related voluntary consensus standards of which the ANS is the developing organization.

ANSI Developments



- 1969 Adopted ANSI name
- 1970, a public review process was formalized and ANSI BSR created
 - Board of Standards Review (BSR) implemented procedures
 - Ensure standards met Institute guidelines
 - Enhanced the credibility of ANSI standards

ANSI/ANS Consensus Process



Structure for ANS-8 series



- NCSCC Responsible for preparation and maintenance of NCS related voluntary consensus standards
- Subcommittee ANS-8 aims "to establish standards providing guidance in the prevention of nuclear chain reactions... for handling, storing, transporting, processing, and treating fissionable nuclides."

ANS-8 Working Groups



- 19 working groups (18 issued; 1 development)
 - ~128 individuals, ~56 on multiple WGs
- Positions to facilitate involvement
 - Members, Observers/Liaisons, Reviewers, & Associate members
 - Associate: increasingly becoming a preferred avenue for young/new members.
 - Learn consensus process
 - Learn history/intent of a specific WGs recommendations/requirements

ANS-8 Working Groups cont.



- Approved standards can be adopted by nuclear facilities, regulators, etc.
- Working groups and the standards process
 - Provide "neutral ground" for regulators and licensees, NRC and DOE, to work together to establish good NCS practices.
 - Attempts to balance variable perspectives
 - Looking to ensure "consistency of use"

NCSD Involvement



- 1967: ANS authorized formation of technical group for NCS
- **1969**: NCSD formally a division of ANS
 - Timing = Synergy between NCSD and ANSI/ANS-8
- NCSD supporter/instigator for some ANS-8 standards and NCS guides
- NCSD fosters the culture of standards use/development
 - ~750 members, ~17% participate on standards

NCSD support



- Tend to be recognized as separate activities
 - Several Generations have passed
 - Imbedded into the NCS culture
- Need to reinforce/acknowledge the relationship
 - Work with YMG and students to provide opportunities to be involved with both
 - Provide avenue for involvement, networking, ultimately knowledge transfer

NCSD support



- I Session/meeting dedicated to SubC-ANS-8
 - All WGs provide status
- Special sessions/tutorials
 - new and significantly revised standards
- NCSCC sponsored poster/panel session (~4 yr)
- Several WG meetings per ANS meeting
 - 2017 Summer meeting: 6 of 13
- Reporting on WG activities: NCSD Newsletter, Collaborate, Listserv
- NCSD Education Committee

Culture/Benefits



- Part of the NCSD Culture
 - Intertwining has provided a strong group of volunteers willing to work on standards.
- Healthy perspective towards standards involvement within the NCS community
 - Viewed as an avenue that helps build a company's/individual's professional reputation
 - Part of professional development/ qualifications
 - Avenue for shaping and preparing future standards, and subsequently future regulations.

Conclusion



 Due to the application of the ANS-8 standards in today's regulatory environment it is important that the NCSD continues supporting the culture of standards involvement.

- Improvement in reaching younger members
 - Issues with expectations on speed of progress
 - Associate members

Working group interactions Deb Hill



Workings and Interfaces Between WG Members from a WG Chair Perspective

Presented By : Deborah Hill

My Background ...



ANSI/ANS-8.20-1991 (R2005)

American Nuclear Society

REAFFIRMED

August 3, 2015 ANSI/ANS-8.20-1991 (R2015) September 16, 2005 ANSI/ANS-8.20-1991 (R2005)

nuclear criticality safety training

an American National Standard

This standard has been reviewed and realifymed with the recognition that it may reference of the standards and documents that may have been suppresented or withorteen. The requirements of this documents with ten de buy using the version of the elandards and documents referenced herear. It is the responsibility of the user to review each of the references and to determine whether the use of the object relevant more recent versions in appreciate for the businessity. Versides whether is use of the references and documents whether and the standard about the evaluated and documented. This standard does not recensary reflect moont versionly instantions in the document entropy in a packed expression for the business term the standard business entropy in the standard about the evaluated and object the indecated method or an expression (provide to the term of the standard the standard basis not recensely instandard and the standard adocted method of the formation of the standard.



published by the American Nuclear Society 555 North Kensington Avenue La Grange Park, Illinois 60526 USA

- WG Member of ANS-8.20 since ~ 2005 {Also Recent WG Member of ANS-8.22}
- WG Co-Chair since 2015 {*With Dr. Ronald Knief*}





What is a Working Group (WG) ... ?







Writing Committee for Standard {ANS Guidance is ~ 12 Full Members}

- Creates the Standard
- Makes Decision about Maintenance
- Responds to Requests for Clarification / Interpretation

Responsibilities of a WG Chair ...





Forms Group



Guides Schedule



Chairs Meetings



Delegates Tasks



Ensures Consensus I Had a POSITIVE Experience.

Positive Experience !

 Onus on WG Members to Be Good Team Members – e.g. Respond in Requested Timescales, Proactively Offer Support

What is Consensus Decision Making ... ?



- "Consensus decision-making is a decision-making process that not only seeks the agreement of most participants, but also to resolve or mitigate the objections of the minority to achieve the most agreeable decision. Consensus is usually defined as meaning both general agreement, and the process of getting to such agreement." Wikipedia
- It doesn't need to be everyone's first choice
- Consensus decision making is the most widely used method but Councils will also use voting to break an impasse.



Key Responsibility of Both ...









International Organization for Standardization



Understand the Importance of the Standards in Regulatory Space ...



- Unambiguous
- Easy to Follow for All
- Nothing More (or Less) Than What's Required {Shall / Should / May}

Typical Writing Process ...



ANS Winter Meeting & Expo

2017 Official Program

Feeds Calendars Comments Ballots Action Items Discussions





Meetings

Review	PROOFREAD Accuracy Spelling Grammar

Discuss and Refine {Reach Consensus Prior to Submission to SC}

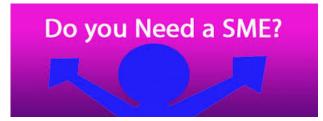
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N	ame	State	Submitter	Group	Date 🗣	Actions
C	🕽 🔁 ANS-8 Forum Agenda - Nov. 2, 2017	Final	Bowen, Douglas	SubC - ANS-8	2017-10-27	
C	2016 Annual Activity Report - Final.pdf	Final	Murdoch, Kathryn	Standards Com	2017-10-27	
C	Schedule of Standards Meetings During 2017 ANS	Final	Schroeder, Pat	Standards Com	2017-10-19	
¢	ANS-8 Minutes for Approval - June 2017	Final	Murdoch, Kathryn	SubC - ANS-8	2017-10-19	



Agenda {Often with Provided Information}

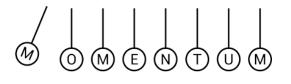
Important WG Participant Skills ...











Patience

Resilience



Attention to Detail {Also Able to Step Back}

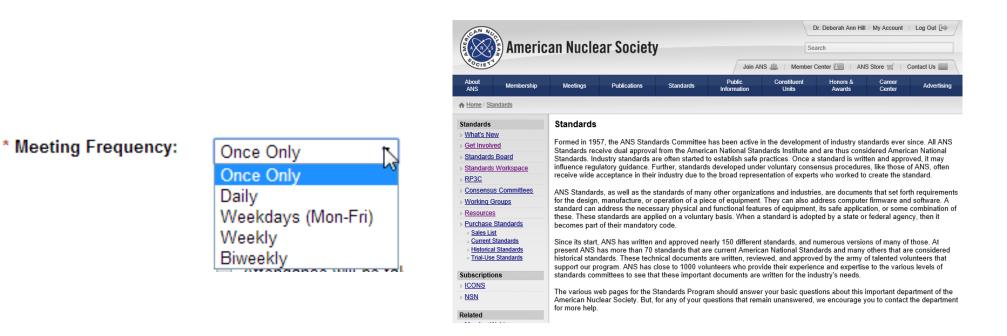


{Don't Overdominate / Consider Others Views}



Proactive

Personal Lessons Learnt ... {aka "Where Has Deb Got It Wrong ?"}



Keep Momentum {<u>Not</u> 6 Monthly Meetings}

Understand Processes / Resources {<u>Suggestions</u>:

NATIONAL NUCLEA

- 1 = Coaching / Mentoring for New Chairs
- 2 = Straight-Forward Workflow Process
- 3 = More Streamlined YouTube Training}

Why Should <u>YOU</u> Get Involved ... ?





Important for Industry





Influence the Content

Just Learning Opportunities

Networking

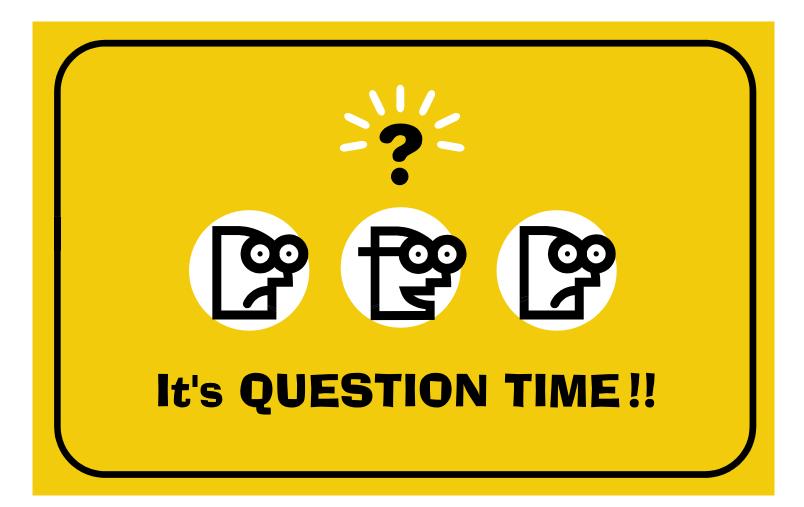
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Learn from Others

No Contribution is Too Small or Too Inexperienced !





Discussion about how ANS-8 standards are viewed compared to other standards

Larry Wetzel

23 ANS-8 Compared to Other Standards

- Many of the reactor focus standards were developed in a prescriptive approach.
- ANS-8 is focused on preventing a criticality accident.
 - ANS-8 is what to do, not how to do it.
- SB is pushing Risk Informed Performance Based (RIPB) standards.
 - ANS-8 is Risk Informed. Criticality is will kill people.
 - ANS-8 is Performance Based.

24 Risk Informed Performance Based

- A **prescriptive** requirement specifies particular features, actions, or programmatic elements to be included in the design or process, as the means for achieving a desired objective.
- Performance-based requirement relies upon measurable (or calculable) outcomes (i.e., performance results) to be met, but provides more flexibility to the licensee as to the means of meeting those outcomes.

25 Risk Informed Performance Based

- 1. Focus attention on the most important activities,
- 2. Establish objective criteria for evaluating performance,
- 3. Develop measurable or calculable parameters for monitoring system and licensee performance,
- 4. Provide flexibility to determine how to meet the established performance criteria in a way that will encourage and reward improved outcomes, and
- 5. Focus on the results as the primary basis for safety decision-making.

How to get involved Doug, Larry, John & Deb

27 How to make contact

- Three levels of involvement
 - Observer
 - Associate Member
 - Member
- Fill out a Standards Volunteer Form
 <u>http://www.ans.org/standards/involved/</u>
- Talk to the WG Chair

You will be added to the Standards Workspace which allows WG chairs to add you as a working group member

Are there any questions?