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Kilopower Reactor Using Stirling Technology (KRUSTY) Update

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Outline

- Background
- Objectives of the KRUSTY experiment
 - KRUSTY test phases
- Comparison of measured data vs Simulations
 - Results of warm criticals
 - Results of 28 hr high temperature run
- Conclusions

Background (Timeline)

- 2012 NCERC and NASA conducted a small scale demonstration experiment called DUFF (Demonstration Using Flat-Top Fissions)
- 2014 Planning of the next demonstration experiment is examined
- 2015 Kilopower (KRUSTY) project gets started
- 2017 KRUSTY experiment begins (November)



Objectives

- The main objective of the KRUSTY experiment is to evaluate the operational performance of a compact reactor that closely resembles the flight unit NASA will use for deep space exploration missions
- Test the dynamic behavior (transients) of the reactor
- Test the integrity of the fuel

KRUSTY test phases

Phase 1: Component Critical Measurements

- Critical configuration is determined
- BeO reflector worth measured
- B₄C control rod worth measurements
- Room temperature

Phase 2: Cold Critical Measurements

- Heat pipes installed
- Stirling engines installed
- Above items in a vacuum chamber
- Critical configuration found
- B₄C control rod worth measurements
- Room temperature

Phase 3: Warm criticals

- 15 cent free run, 30 cent run, 60 cent run
- Moderate temperature rise (<450°C)

Phase 4: High Temperature Operations

- Mission power profile is executed
- Significant temperature rise (800°C)

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KRUSTY Experiment (Phase 1)





Core for the KRUSTY Experiment



- Weight ~ 11 kg
- **Density** ~ 17.4 g/cc
- Uranium alloy (~7.65 wt% Mo)
- The uranium is isotopically enriched to ~ 93 wt% ²³⁵U

Phase 1: Component Criticals



Results(Component Criticals)

	BeO Height	Shim BeO	B₄C Height	Source	Source Holder	Reactivity Measured	Reactivity Calculated
Sequential Operations Configuration	(in)	(in)	(in)	Holder	installed	(cents)	(cents)
Baseline initial critical	11.250	0	0	AI	x	9.50	10.6
Unload and reload 4" of BeO	11.250	0	0	AI	х	6.90	10.6
No change	11.250	0	0	AI	x	6.90	10.6
Only top source plug removed	11.250	0	0	AI	x	6.80	10.6
Only bottom source plug removed	11.250	0	0	AI	x	7.00	10.6
Both source plugs removed	11.250	0	0	AI	x	6.90	10.6
Plug replaced (baseline)	11.250	0	0	AI	x	8.50	10.6
Add 1/8" BeO	11.375	0	0	AI	x	51.60	52.4
No change	11.375	0	0	AI	x	50.00	52.4
Remove 1/8" BeO (baseline)	11.250	0	0	AI	x	9.20	10.6
Remove source and holder	11.250	0	0			2.30	1.6
No Change	11.250	0	0			2.30	1.6
Add 1/8" BeO	11.375	0	0			45.20	43.4
Add Al source holder	11.375	0	0	AI		46.80	46.2
No change	11.375	0	0	AI		48.20	46.2
Remove 1/8" BeO	11.250	0	0	AI	x	5.01	4.4

Phase 2: Cold Criticals



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KRUSTY Experiment (Phases 2, 3, and 4)





Control rod worth measurement (Phase 2: cold criticals)





Phase 3: Warm Criticals

March 7, 2018 (15 Cent Free run)



Maximum Temperature 218 °C

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Warm Critical





Kilopower Reactors are Self-Regulating (Phase 4)

KRUSTY, and all Kilopower reactors are designed to passively accommodate all possible states of the power conversion system, including worst-case failures.



Note: the above occurs via a few dampened oscillations, similar to any classical underdamped stable system.



Conclusions

- A lot of progress was made in the past year to accomplish the goals for this experiment
- Experimental and computational results compared quite well
- Several benchmarks will be developed and published in the ICSBEP or IRPhEP handbooks.
- Planning for the next series of experiments started

Future Work

• Moon mission

Thank you

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